Individual Whole Life Insurance Applications

Form Number
If the application form was previously approved, date of approval
Note that if the application form was previously approved, it still must be submitted to make the filing complete.
All provisions of law relative to the filing of policy forms shall also apply to all applications designed to be attached to such policy forms and when so attached to constitute a part of the contract. <i>M.G.L. c. 175 § 192</i>
Any policy that contains a reference to the application, either as a part of the policy or as having any bearing thereon, must include the application for review, for the application is a part of the policy. <i>M.G.L. c. 175</i> , <i>§§ 131 and 192</i> . No life company shall issue any policy of life insurance except upon a written application therefor signed or assented to in writing by the person to be insured. <i>M.G.L. c. 175 § 123</i>
The application must achieve a minimum Flesch score of 50. The Flesch score for each form must be stated in the certification: a statement to the effect that the score exceeds 50 is not permitted. <i>M.G.L. c. 175, § 2B</i> Note: Section 2B does not apply to a policy that is a security subject to federal jurisdiction.
Applications for contracts on a variable basis must be submitted with the forms and are subject to the 30-day review period (<i>i.e.</i> , including deemer provisions). <i>M.G.L. c.</i> 175 § 132G
Application for individual variable life insurance must contain:
 A prominent statement that the death benefit may be variable or fixed under specified conditions; 211 CMR 95.12(2)(a) A prominent statement that cash values may increase or decrease, even to the extent of being reduced to zero, in accordance with the experience of the separate account (subject to any specified minimum guarantees); 211 CMR 95.12(2)(b) For an application for a variable endowment policy, a prominent statement that the amount of the endowment payable at maturity is not guaranteed but is dependent upon the then cash surrender value and may in fact be reduced to zero (subject to any specified minimum guarantees); 211 CMR 95.12(2)(c)
Questions designed to elicit sufficient information to enable the insurer, agent or broker to determine the suitability of variable life insurance for the applicant; 211 CMR 95.12(2)(d)

 A notice that illustrations of benefits conforming to the requirements of 211
CMR 95.11(1)(i) [actually 211 CMR 95.11(1)(c)(i) – the description of
illustrations], including death benefits and cash surrender values, are
available upon request. 211 CMR 95.12(2)(e)
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The use of AIDS-related information

Application may not contain questions regarding counseling about AIDS or ARC or the sexual orientation of the applicant or proposed insured, policyholder or beneficiary. 211 CMR 36.08(1)
Application may ask whether the applicant or proposed insured has received a positive AIDS-related test result (other than an anonymous result obtained under the auspices of the Alternative Testing Sites of the Mass. Dept. of Public Health or the American Red Cross), whether he/she has received a medical diagnosis of or medical treatment for AIDS or ARC by a medical professional, and information about such diagnosis or treatment. 211 CMR 36.08(2)
Questions on application forms may be diagnostic or factual in nature, concerning whether an individual has been diagnosed or treated for AIDS or ARC. 211 CMR 36.08(3)
 Questions cannot be subjective, vague, unfairly discriminatory, overly technical or ask for the opinion of the applicant or proposed insured. 211 CMR 36.08(3) If the application uses the terms "AIDS" "ARC" or "HIV" they must be defined or spelled out.
The use of genetic testing or genetic information All of this section should be cited as M.G.L. c. 175, § 120E
Does the application refer to genetic tests?
yesno If "no," skip the rest of this section
"Genetic test" must be defined as "a test of human DNA, RNA, mitochondrial DNA chromosomes or proteins for the purpose of identifying genes, inherited or acquired genetic abnormalities, or the presence or absence of inherited or acquired characteristics in genetic material, which are associated with a predisposition to disease, illness, impairment or other disease processes." The term "genetic test" shall not include tests given for drugs, alcohol, cholesterol, or HIV; any test for the purpose of diagnosing or detecting an existing disease process; any test performed due to the presence of symptoms, signs or other manifestation of a disease, illness, impairment; or other disease process or any test, that is taken as a biopsy, autopsy, or clinical speciman solely for the purpose of conducting an immediate clinical or diagnostic test that is not a test of DNA, RNA, mitochondrial DNA, chromosomes or proteins.

No insurer may require an applicant to undergo a genetic test as a condition of the issuance of a life insurance policy.
 An application may ask whether or not the applicant has taken a genetic test. The application must state that the applicant is not required to answer any questions concerning genetic testing or genetic information. There must be a statement informing the applicant that: failure to answer the questions may result in an increased rate or denial of coverage. if the applicant chooses to submit genetic information, the insurer is
authorized to use that information to set the terms of a policy provided that such information is reliable information relating to the insured's mortality or morbidity, based on sound actuarial principles, or actual or reasonably anticipated experience.
Fraud Warning
Does the application contain a fraud warning? yes no (Note: Massachusetts does not require a fraud warning) If yes, its wording must comply with the NAIC model language:
"Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison."
OR
language required by one of the states that require specific language must identify the state
must present support for using that state's language on a Massachusetts form cannot use any state language that is specific to that state; e.g., Florida states that a fraudulent statement is "a felony of the third degree." This is not true of Massachusetts and the Florida warning could not, therefore, be used here.
Application form must conform to requirements of M.G.L. c. 175I and c. 176D reinformation and privacy protection
Compliance with § 4:
A notice of information practices must be provided to all applicants no later than at the time the application for insurance is made. The notice must be in writing and must contain EITHER the following:
 whether personal information may be collected from persons other than the individual proposed for coverage; c. 1751 § 4(b)(1) the type of personal information that may be collected and the type of source and investigative technique that may be used to collect such information; § 4(b)(2)

 the type of disclosure permitted by chapter 175I and the circumstances under which such disclosure may be made without prior authorization: provided, however, that only such circumstances need be described which occur with such frequency as to indicate a general business practice; \$ 4(b)(3) a description of the rights established under sections eight, nine and ten of c. 175I and the manner in which such rights may be exercised: \$ (4)(b)(4) Section 8 describes the right of an individual to obtain any personal information collected or maintained by the insurer upon written request, including any persons to whom the insurer has disclosed the information, and procedures by which such information may be corrected, amended, or deleted. Section 9 describes the right of an individual to have factual errors corrected and any misrepresentation or misleading information amended or deleted upon written request. Section 10 describes the right of an individual to receive the specific reason for an adverse underwriting decision in writing. that information obtained from a report prepared by an insurance-support organization may be retained by the insurance-support organization and disclosed to other persons. \$ 4(b)(5)
disclosed to other persons. $\S 4(b)(5)$
OR
 an abbreviated notice may be used that informs the applicant that: personal information may be collected from a person other than the individual proposed for coverage; § 4(c)(1) such information as well as other personal or privileged information subsequently collected by the insurance institution or insurance representative may in certain circumstances be disclosed to a third party without authorization; § 4(c)(2) a right of access and correction exists with respect to all personal information collected; § 4(c)(3) the more detailed notices described above will be furnished to the applicant upon request. § (4)(c)(4)
 Compliance with chapter 175I § 6: Disclosure authorization form must meet the following requirements of § 6:

7. specifies that the authorization shall be valid for no longer than thirty months
from the time it is signed
8. advises the applicant that s/he is entitled to receive a copy of the
authorization form.
Electronic signatures
Does the carrier contemplate using electronic signatures?
yes no
The Division allows for electronic signature capture only when the application
process involved and the software used can ensure the security of the consumer
and the integrity of the sales process.
If yes, there must be a document explaining the procedure for signature capture
and the security measures taken, including at a minimum:
The physical arrangements and actual presentation of data must be identical to
the application form approved by the Division.
The signatures of the applicant and enroller must be displayed on the computer
screen in real time.
Once accepted, the application record and signature must be bound in a single
record.
"Awareness protection" must include confirmation dialogue that the signer
understands precisely the intentions of the signature and must provide visual
confirmation of the actual signing.
The encryption and storage of the signature and reviewed data to which it is
attached must be automatic. Through encryption, the bonded signature and
data cannot be changed without recognition of the fact that it was changed.
The software system must automatically purge electronic signatures from the
file once the policy has been issued, to prevent the use of the signature for any
purpose other than those specific to issuance of the policy.
A form, with a form number, must be given to prospective policyholders
which explains the procedure and the security measures.
COLI Products
COLITIONNES
M.G.L. c. 175 § 123A states that an employer may have an insurable interest in the lives
of its employees; this includes the trustee of a trust established by the corporation. If the
product is intended to be a COLI product (corporate owned life insurance) the application
must contain:
A clear statement that the employer is the beneficiary of the policy.
In addition, the carrier must submit for approval:
A consent form to be signed by the employee, that clearly discloses the nature
of the policy, and that the employee has no rights of ownership including the
choice of beneficiary.

Requirements for replacement

Is the application for any of the following? proposed life insurance that is to replace life insurance under a binding or conditional receipt issued by the same company; internal replacements where the replacing insurer and the existing insurer are the same, or are subsidiaries or affiliates under common ownership or control; provided, however, that agents or brokers proposing replacement shall comply with the requirements of agents who initiate the application; insurance paid for wholly or partly by the insured's employer or by an association of which the insured is a member, or insurance in a qualified pension, profit sharing or other benefit plan; life insurance policies issued in connection with a pension, profit sharing or other benefit plan qualifying for tax deductibility of premiums.
If yes to any of the above, 211 CMR 34.00 (i.e., the following section) does not apply.
Each application must contain (with or part of each application): a statement signed by the applicant as to whether replacement of existing life insurance or annuity is involved in the transaction. 211 CMR 34.04(1)(a) a signed statement as to whether the agent or broker knows replacement is or may be involved in the transaction. 211 CMR 34.04(1)(b) a request for a list of all existing life insurance and annuity to be replaced identified by name of insurer, the insured and contract number. If a contract number has not been assigned by the existing insurer, alternative identification, such as an application or receipt number, can be listed. 211 CMR 34.04(2)(b) a provision that advises the applicant that the agent is required to leave with the applicant the original or a copy of written or printed communications used for presentation to the applicant. 211 CMR 34.04(2)(c) a provision that advises the applicant that the agent is required to submit to the replacing insurer with the application a copy of the replacement notice 211 CMR 34.04(2)(d)